

Appendix A

Solution of the integral in Section 4.3

We were not able to find a full analytical solution of the integral in (4.42) and (4.51) in standard references [Zwi96, Bur73, Jef94]. Therefore, we attempt to obtain the solution of the integral here.

The integral can be divided into two parts:

$$\begin{aligned} L &= \int_{-\omega_c}^{\omega_c} \frac{\omega_i^2 - \omega^2}{(\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta_i^2 \omega_i^2 \omega^2} d\omega \\ &= \omega_i^2 L_1 - L_2 \end{aligned} \tag{A.1}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} L_1 &= 2 \int_0^{\omega_c} \frac{1}{(\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta_i^2 \omega_i^2 \omega^2} d\omega \\ L_2 &= 2 \int_0^{\omega_c} \frac{\omega^2}{(\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta_i^2 \omega_i^2 \omega^2} d\omega. \end{aligned} \tag{A.2}$$

Since both integrands are even functions of ω , it is sufficient to integrate them only from 0 to ω_c as in (A.2).

The denominator can be written as:

$$\begin{aligned} (\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta_i^2 \omega_i^2 \omega^2 &= \omega^4 + 2\omega_i^2(2\zeta_i^2 - 1)\omega^2 + \omega_i^4 \\ &= (\omega^2 - \omega_{r1}^2)(\omega^2 - \omega_{r2}^2) \end{aligned} \tag{A.3}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{r1}^2 &= \omega_i^2 \left((1 - 2\zeta_i^2) - 2\zeta_i \sqrt{1 - \zeta_i^2} j \right) \\ \omega_{r2}^2 &= \omega_i^2 \left((1 - 2\zeta_i^2) + 2\zeta_i \sqrt{1 - \zeta_i^2} j \right)\end{aligned}\tag{A.4}$$

and j is $\sqrt{-1}$.

We consider only the under damped case ($\zeta_i < 1$) since the case captures the majority of resonant systems of interest. However, the solution for critically damped and over damped cases can also be obtained in a more straightforward manner since ω_{r1}^2 and ω_{r2}^2 will be real numbers.

A.1 First integral, L_1

The integrand of L_1 can be written as partial fractions:

$$\frac{1}{(\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta_i^2 \omega_i^2 \omega^2} = \frac{1}{\Omega_r} \left(\frac{1}{\omega^2 - \omega_{r1}^2} - \frac{1}{\omega^2 - \omega_{r2}^2} \right)\tag{A.5}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}\Omega_r &= \omega_{r1}^2 - \omega_{r2}^2 \\ &= -4\zeta_i \sqrt{1 - \zeta_i^2} \omega_i^2 j.\end{aligned}\tag{A.6}$$

Consider the following indefinite integral with a complex constant a . The solution to the indefinite integral is [Spi81]

$$\int \frac{dz}{z^2 - a^2} = \frac{1}{2a} \ln \left(\frac{z - a}{z + a} \right) + c\tag{A.7}$$

where c is a constant. The integral L_1 (A.2) can be solved by incorporating (A.5) and (A.7) to give

$$L_1 = L_1^{\omega_c} - L_1^0\tag{A.8}$$

where

$$L_1^{\omega} = \frac{1}{\Omega_r} \left\{ \frac{1}{\omega_{r1}} \ln \left(\frac{\omega - \omega_{r1}}{\omega + \omega_{r1}} \right) - \frac{1}{\omega_{r2}} \ln \left(\frac{\omega - \omega_{r2}}{\omega + \omega_{r2}} \right) \right\}.\tag{A.9}$$

Define:

$$\cos \alpha = 1 - 2\zeta_i^2. \quad (\text{A.10})$$

Consequently,

$$\sin \alpha = 2\zeta_i \sqrt{1 - \zeta_i^2}. \quad (\text{A.11})$$

From (A.10) and (A.11), the expressions in (A.4) and (A.6) can be re-written as:

$$\begin{aligned} \omega_{r1} &= \omega_i e^{-j\frac{\alpha}{2}} \\ \omega_{r2} &= \omega_i e^{j\frac{\alpha}{2}} \\ \Omega_r &= -2 \sin \alpha \omega_i^2 j. \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.12})$$

Using the previous expressions, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \omega - \omega_{r1} &= r_a e^{j\theta_a} \\ \omega + \omega_{r1} &= r_b e^{-j\theta_b} \\ \omega - \omega_{r2} &= r_a e^{-j\theta_a} \\ \omega + \omega_{r2} &= r_b e^{j\theta_b} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.13})$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} r_a &= \sqrt{\omega^2 - 2\omega\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2} \\ r_b &= \sqrt{\omega^2 + 2\omega\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2} \\ \theta_a &= \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega - \omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\omega_i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} \right) \\ \theta_b &= \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega + \omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\omega_i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.14})$$

and $\cot^{-1}(\Gamma)$ denotes the inverse cotangent of Γ .

The following expressions can be obtained from (A.13):

$$\begin{aligned} \ln \left(\frac{\omega - \omega_{r1}}{\omega + \omega_{r1}} \right) &= \ln \left(\frac{r_a}{r_b} \right) + j(\theta_a + \theta_b) \\ \ln \left(\frac{\omega - \omega_{r2}}{\omega + \omega_{r2}} \right) &= \ln \left(\frac{r_a}{r_b} \right) - j(\theta_a + \theta_b). \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.15})$$

After some algebraic manipulation, it can be shown that L_1^ω (A.9) is real valued. This is as expected since the optimal feedthrough term will be real valued:

$$L_1^\omega = \frac{-1}{\omega_i^3 \sin \alpha} \left\{ \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left(\frac{r_a}{r_b} \right) + \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} (\theta_a + \theta_b) \right\}. \quad (\text{A.16})$$

The next task is to change the variables to the original variables. For this case, $\theta_a + \theta_b$ can be found from trigonometric identities [Zwi96]:

$$\begin{aligned} \cot(\theta_a + \theta_b) &= \frac{\cot \theta_a \cot \theta_b - 1}{\cot \theta_a + \cot \theta_b} \\ &= \frac{\omega^2 - \omega_i^2}{2\omega\omega_i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}}. \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.17})$$

Writing $\ln(r_a/r_b)$ as $-0.5 \ln(r_b^2/r_a^2)$ and using (A.17), the indefinite integral (A.9) becomes

$$L_1^\omega = \frac{1}{2\omega_i^3 \sin \alpha} \left\{ \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left(\frac{r_b^2}{r_a^2} \right) - 2 \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega^2 - \omega_i^2}{2\omega\omega_i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} \right) \right\}. \quad (\text{A.18})$$

Now, L_1 (A.8) can be evaluated from (A.18) by substituting ω with ω_c and 0 respectively:

$$\begin{aligned} L_1 &= \frac{1}{2\omega_i^3 \sin \alpha} \left\{ \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\omega_c^2 + 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2}{\omega_c^2 - 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2} \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 2 \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_c^2 - \omega_i^2}{2\omega_c\omega_i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} \right) + 2\pi \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.19})$$

By considering the trigonometric identities $\cos \alpha = 2\cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} - 1 = 1 - 2\sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}$ [Bur73] and (A.10):

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} &= \sqrt{1 - \zeta_i^2} \\ \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} &= \zeta_i. \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.20})$$

A.2 Second integral, L_2

We consider the second integral L_2 (A.2). The integrand can again be written as partial fractions:

$$\frac{\omega^2}{(\omega_i^2 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\zeta_i^2 \omega_i^2 \omega^2} = \frac{1}{\Omega_r} \left(\frac{\omega_{r1}^2}{\omega^2 - \omega_{r1}^2} - \frac{\omega_{r2}^2}{\omega^2 - \omega_{r2}^2} \right). \quad (\text{A.21})$$

Using (A.7), the integral is

$$L_2 = L_2^{\omega_c} - L_2^0 \quad (\text{A.22})$$

where

$$L_2^\omega = \frac{1}{\Omega_r} \left\{ \omega_{r1} \ln \left(\frac{\omega - \omega_{r1}}{\omega + \omega_{r1}} \right) - \omega_{r2} \ln \left(\frac{\omega - \omega_{r2}}{\omega + \omega_{r2}} \right) \right\}. \quad (\text{A.23})$$

L_2^ω (A.23) can be shown, after some algebraic simplification, to be real valued as expected:

$$\begin{aligned} L_2^\omega &= \frac{-1}{\omega_i \sin \alpha} \left\{ -\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left(\frac{r_a}{r_b} \right) + \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} (\theta_a + \theta_b) \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\omega_i \sin \alpha} \left\{ -\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left(\frac{r_b^2}{r_a^2} \right) - 2 \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega^2 - \omega_i^2}{2\omega\omega_i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} \right) \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.24})$$

Then (A.22) can be evaluated using (A.24) after substitution of ω with ω_c and 0 respectively:

$$\begin{aligned} L_2 &= \frac{1}{2\omega_i \sin \alpha} \left\{ -\sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\omega_c^2 + 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2}{\omega_c^2 - 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2} \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 2 \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \cot^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega_c^2 - \omega_i^2}{2\omega_c\omega_i \sin \frac{\alpha}{2}} \right) + 2\pi \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} \right\}. \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.25})$$

The integral L (A.1) can be solved using (A.19) and (A.25) as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} L &= \frac{1}{\omega_i \sin \alpha} \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left(\frac{\omega_c^2 + 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2}{\omega_c^2 - 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2}} \ln \left(\frac{\omega_c^2 + 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2}{\omega_c^2 - 2\omega_c\omega_i \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} + \omega_i^2} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.26})$$

where $\cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \sqrt{1 - \zeta_i^2}$ (A.20).

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Notations

a	dimension of a plate; coefficient in Rayleigh-Ritz solution
A	cross sectional area; linear transformation matrix; state space matrix
A_s	enclosed area of a hollow section
b	dimension of a plate; coefficient in assumed-modes solution
B	state space matrix
$\mathcal{B}$	differential operator: boundary conditions
c^E	elastic coefficient matrix
C	state space matrix; capacitance; parameter related to sensor outputs
C^v	parameter related to sensor outputs
C_w	FE spatial displacement vector
$\mathcal{C}$	differential operator: damping
d	dimension of a square; controller damping ratio
d_{31}, d_{32}	piezoelectric charge constant
D	flexural rigidity of a plate; electric displacement vector; feedthrough (state space) matrix
$\hat{D}$	proportional damping matrix
e	dielectric permittivity matrix
E	electric field vector; Young's modulus; error system
F	nodal force vector
f	distributed force/torque; parameter related to modal controllability/observability
g_{31}, g_{32}	piezoelectric voltage constant
G	Shear modulus
G, G_r	transfer function
h	thickness; length of an element
H	step function; transfer function gain
$\bar{H}$	Hermite cubic polynomial
I	second moment of area; unit matrix; number of modes; number of transducers

j	imaginary number
J	cost function; number of transducers
J_p	polar moment of inertia
J_r, J_2, J_∞	cost function
J_t	torsional parameter
k	proportional term in a feedthrough term; number of modes in an FE model
k_{31}, k_{32}	electromechanical coupling factor
K	stiffness matrix; constant related to piezoelectric actuator moment; feedthrough term; controller transfer function
$\hat{K}$	global stiffness matrix
$\mathcal{K}$	modal observability
L	length; integral; Lagrangian
L_o	observability Gramian matrix
$\mathcal{L}$	differential operator: stiffness
m	distributed mass
M	bending moment; number of modes
$\hat{M}$	global mass matrix
$\mathcal{M}$	differential operator: mass; modal controllability
N	number of admissible functions; number of elements in an FE model; number of modes
N_c	number of controlled modes
p	perimeter of a section; pressure
P	transfer function gain; solution of Lyapunov inequality
q	generalized coordinate; electric charge
Q	shear force; generalized force; spatial weighting function
r	point coordinate; radius of a circle
R	control weight; controller feedthrough term
$\mathbf{R}$	set of real numbers
S	strain vector; controllability Gramian matrix
$\mathcal{S}_c$	spatial controllability
$\mathcal{S}_o$	spatial observability
$\mathcal{R}$	Rayleigh's quotient; spatial domain
T	tension; transfer function
$\mathcal{T}$	kinetic energy
$\mathcal{T}^*$	reference kinetic energy
t	time
u	displacement; system input
v	displacement; sensor signal
V	transducer voltage
$\mathcal{V}$	potential/strain energy
$\mathcal{V}_{max}$	maximum potential energy

w	displacement; disturbance; low-pass filter
W	width; weighting function
W_r	weighting function
$\delta\overline{W}$	virtual work
x	point coordinate; state vector
y	point coordinate; system output
z	point coordinate; system output
α	general actuator parameter; strain gradient; controller modal gain; transfer function gain; parameter related to modal controllability/observability
α^s	dielectric matrix at constant mechanical strain
β	parameter related to spatial controllability/observability
γ	shear strain; upper bound of $\mathcal{H}_\infty$ norm
Γ	state space matrix
δ	Dirac/Kronecker delta function
ϵ	longitudinal strain
ζ	damping ratio
θ	angular displacement
Θ	nodal force parameter; state space matrix
κ	parameter related to a strain gradient
λ	eigenvalue
Λ	eigenvalue matrix
ν	Poisson's ratio
Ξ	transfer function gain
Π	state space matrix
ρ	density
σ	stress vector; longitudinal stress
τ	shear stress
Υ	transfer function parameter
ϕ	admissible (trial) function; eigenfunction; eigenvector
Φ	eigenvector matrix
Ψ	parameter of piezoelectric transducers
ω	frequency; resonance frequency
ω_c, ω_{co}	cut-off frequency
Ω	piezoelectric sensor parameter

subscripts

a	actuator
b	beam
e	elemental (local)
i	beam mode number
m, n	plate mode numbers
n	n^{th} element
p	piezoelectric patch
s	sensor

acronyms

FE	finite element
LTI	linear time-invariant
ODE	ordinary differential equation
MIIO	multiple-input, infinite-output
MIMO	multiple-input, multiple-output
PDE	partial differential equation
SISO	single-input, single-output
$\text{Re}(F)$	real part of F
$\text{tr}\{M\}$	trace of the matrix M
M^*	conjugate transpose of the matrix M
M^T	transpose of the matrix M
$\lambda_{max}(M)$	maximum eigenvalue of the matrix M

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